Fine Art Prints

Print Catalogue 2025

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Fine Art Prints

Images are printed on demand and are inspected, signed, dated, and numbered by the artist.
Certificates of Authenticity are provided with each print.

Acrylic Prints
Gallery-quality Fine Art Pigment Print under Acrylic Glass
Fuji Flex Crystal Archive prints are available in the following paper sizes:
150 x 200 cm, 110 x 165 cm, 75 x 100 cm
All prints 75 x 100 cm or larger should be mounted before framing.
For framed prints please contact me.

Museum quality Hahnemühle prints are available in the following paper sizes:
110 x 165 cm, 75 x 100 cm

Open edition and Limited edition prints.
For questions, please email aron@aronxantus.com

Photo Album
FineArt Inkjet Linen Album
https://www.hahnemuehle.com/en/digital-papers/fineart-collection/fineart-inkjet-linen-album.html

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BEFORE THE DAM

THE OMO VALLEY TRIBES

The extraordinary tribes and vanishing cultures pulled me to the Omo Valley, in the Great Rift Valley of Southwest Ethiopia—one of the world's last extensive tribal lands which remains so remote that National Geographic calls it "Africa's Last Frontier." Considered the cradle of humanity, Ethiopia's Omo Valley is still a place ruled by ritual and revenge.

The photo series tells the story of the Omo River Valley, one of the most incredible areas on the African continent, a place where our human ancestors first emerged. The place is wild and unique, as are the people living there. The people are divided into a variety of tribes, each with their own rights, colors and customs, but all united by their dependence on the river. Their tribal rites, basic homes and animal husbandry reveal a deep balance with nature. The Gibe III dam has disrupted that balance in the name of development, development that diverts a local resource on which people depend to the interests of Ethiopian elites and international investors. The dam will produce electricity for export to Kenya and water from the river's water is now drawn down to irrigate large cotton and sugar plantations, transforming forests into massive monoculture farms owned by foreign interests.









MURSI man guarding herd and freshwater reserves in Omo Valley Ethiopia
The AK-47 submachine guns were smuggled from the Sudanese civil war.



African tribe turns Western rubbish into jewellery

The Dassanech tribe have proved themselves to be a thrifty group with many tribesmen and women wearing their unique jewellery made out of everything from old digital watches to bottle caps. The African tribe have created iconic headdresses from bottle caps, earrings from sim cards and necklaces from syringe caps.





















Lip plate
The lip plate, also known as a lip plug, lip disc, or mouth plate, is a form of body modification. Increasingly large discs (usually circular, and made from clay or wood) are inserted into a pierced hole in either the upper or lower lip, or both, thereby stretching it. The term labret denotes all kinds of pierced-lip ornaments, including plates and plugs.

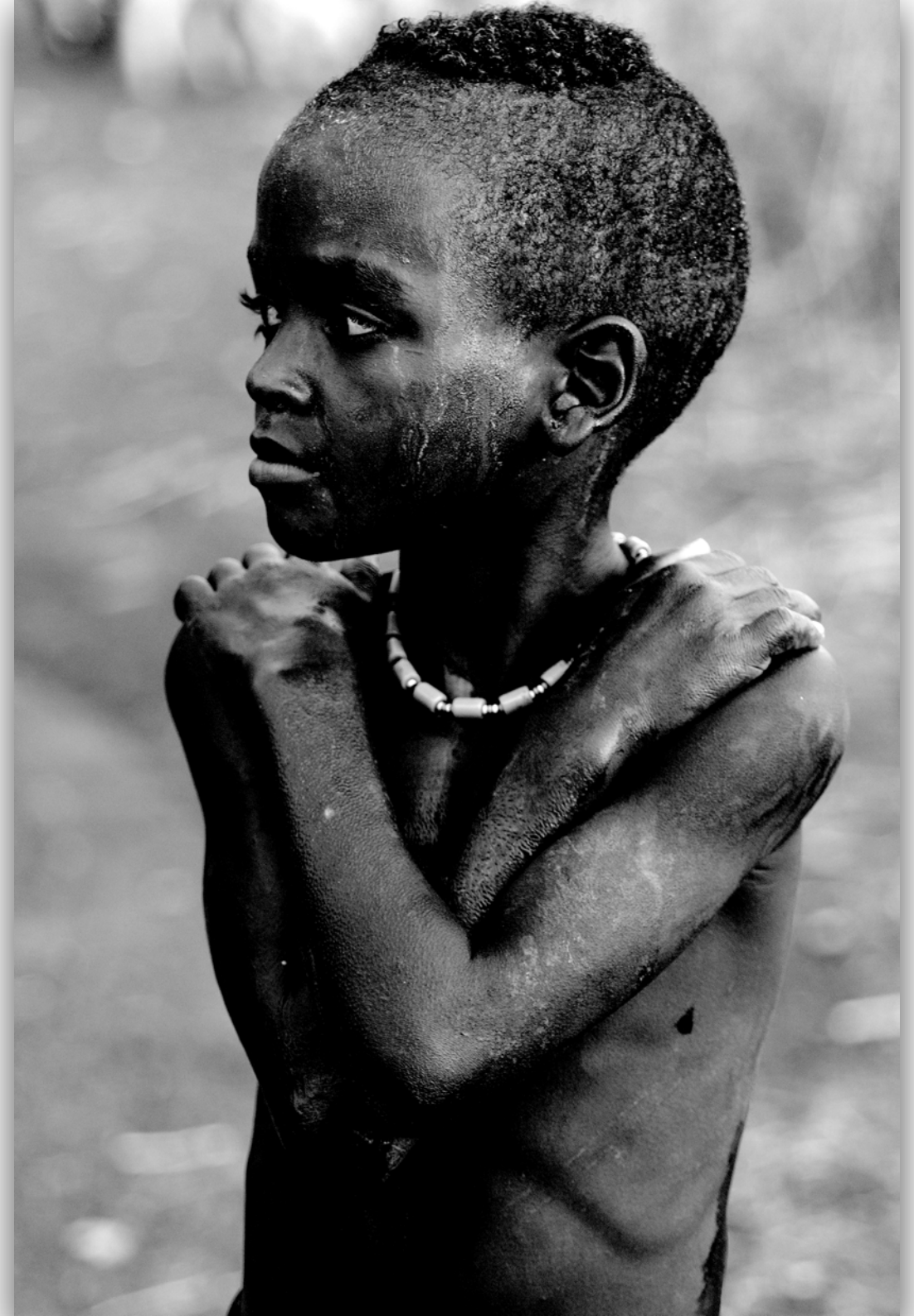
Among the Surma and Mursi people of the lower Omo River valley in Ethiopia, about 6 to 12 months before marriage, a young woman has her lip pierced by her mother or one of her kinswomen, usually at around the age of 15 to 18. The initial piercing is done as an incision of the lower lip of 1 to 2 cm length, and a simple wooden peg is inserted. After the wound has healed, which usually takes between two and three weeks, the peg is replaced with a slightly bigger one. At a diameter of about 4 cm, the first lip plate made of clay is inserted. Every woman crafts her own plate and takes pride in including some ornamentation. The final diameter ranges from about 8 cm to over 20 cm.



Leprosy in Ethiopia

While the elimination threshold of 1 case per 10 000 population has been achieved, Ethiopia still reports around 2500 cases of this neglected tropical disease per year.







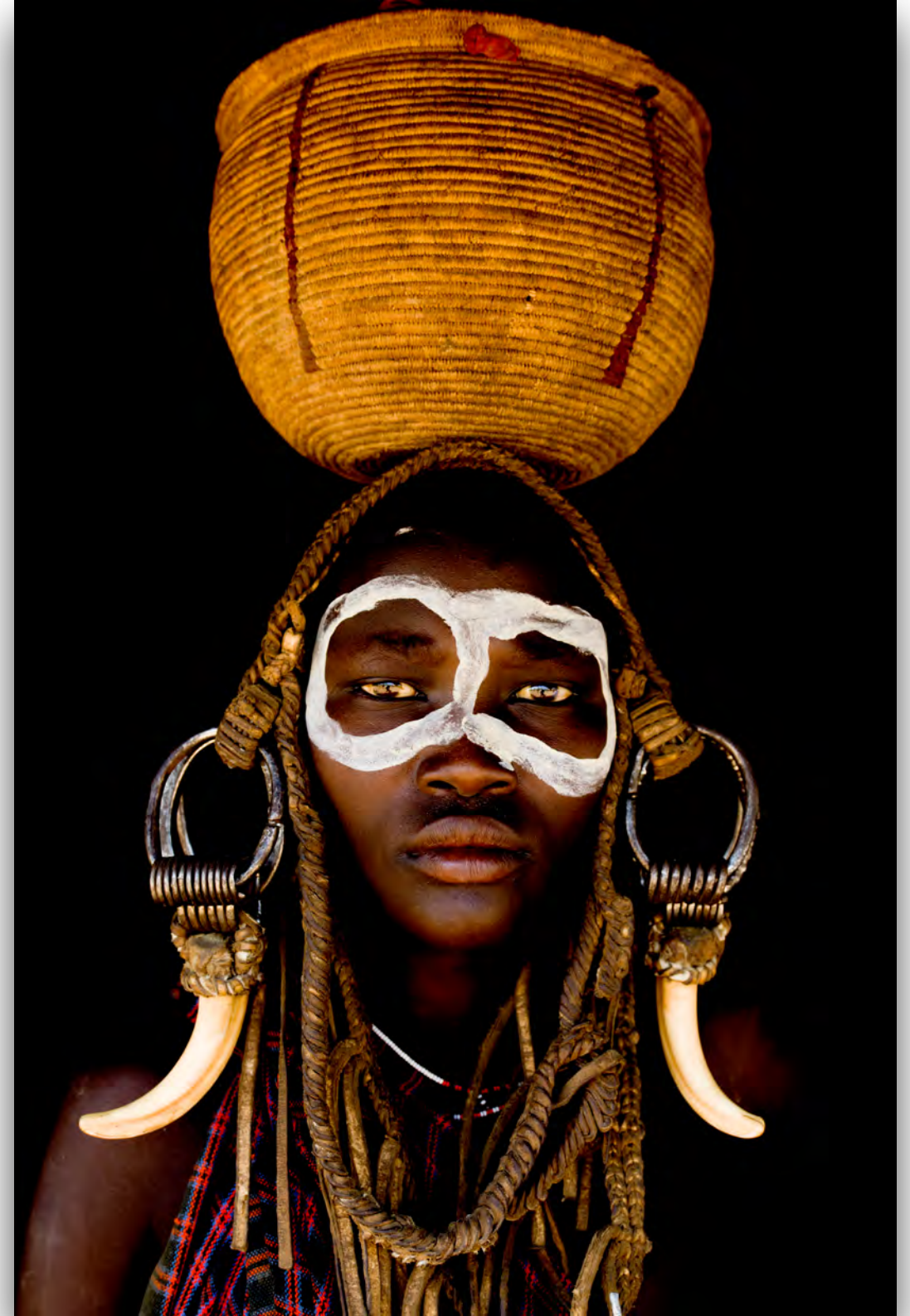
OMO CHILD
INFANTICIDE IN OMO RIVER VALLEY

Ethiopia's Omo Valley is still a place ruled by ritual and revenge.
Mingi is the traditional belief among the Omotic-speaking Karo and Hamar tribes in southern Ethiopia that adults and children with physical abnormalities are ritually impure. They are believed to exert an evil influence upon others, so disabled infants have traditionally been disposed of without a proper burial. The Karo officially banned the practice in July 2012, while around 50,000 individuals secretly continue to practice it in other Omotic communities.

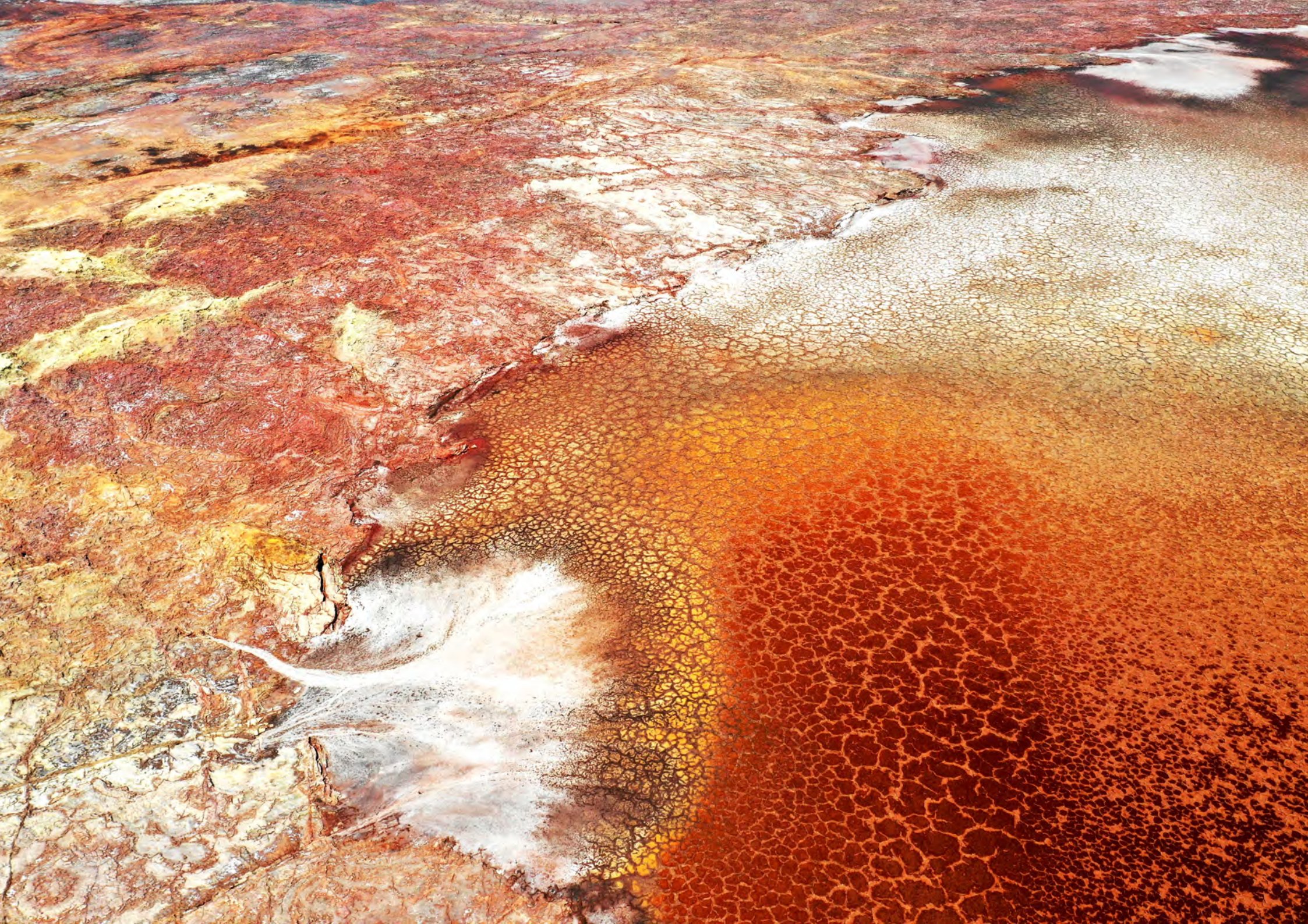


Women are Whipped in Manhood Ceremony

Among the Ethiopian Banna and Hamar tribes in the Omo River Valley, it is customary for women to be whipped during the ceremony to initiate a boy into manhood.





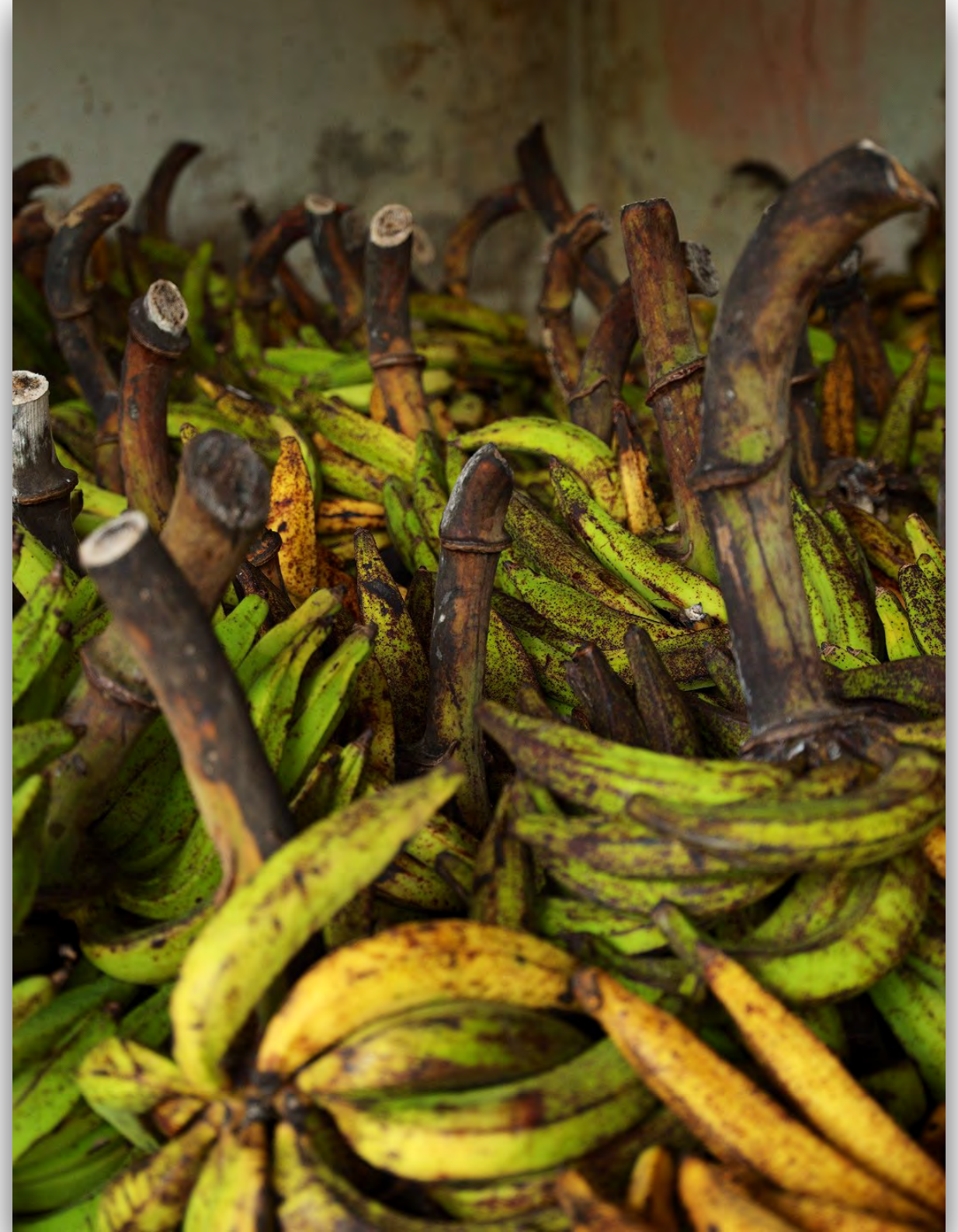






Danakil Depression

The Danakil Depression is the northern part of the Afar Triangle or Afar Depression in Ethiopia and Eritrea, a geological depression that has resulted from the divergence of three tectonic plates in the Horn of Africa. It is the third lowest-lying location on the continent of Africa.







Long Neck village
Thailand/Myanmar border



HOLY MEN OF INDIA

The Aghori are a Hindu monastic order of ascetic Shaivite sadhus based in Uttar Pradesh, India. They are the only surviving sect derived from the Kāpālika tradition, a Tantric, non-Puranic form of Shaivism which originated in Medieval India between the 4th and 8th century CE.

Similarly to their Shaivite predecessors, Aghoris usually engage in post-mortem rituals, often dwell in charnel grounds, smear cremation ashes on their bodies,and use bones from human corpses for crafting kapāla (skull cups which Shiva and other Hindu deities are often iconically depicted holding or using) and jewellery. They also practice post-mortem cannibalism, eating flesh from foraged human corpses, including those taken from cremation ghats.







Marine Iguanas

Marine Iguanas
The Galápagos Islands is a volcanic archipelago in the Pacific Ocean.
It's considered one of the world's foremost destinations for wildlife-viewing.
A province of Ecuador, it lies about 1,000km off its coast. Its isolated terrain shelters a diversity of plant and animal species, many found nowhere else.
Charles Darwin visited in 1835, and his observation of Galápagos' species later inspired his theory of evolution.





Wadi Rum Jordan
Aerial view

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